Cog A7 Verbal

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ANTONYMS	Name: (First)(Last)	
ANALOGIES	School: Grade:	
ANALOGIES		
ANALOGIES	ANTONYMS	2.
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SYNONYMS AND ANTONYMS MATCHING9		

Antonyms

Read each question carefully and select the word that is most similar or dissimilar in meaning to the word provided.

- 1. delirious is most similar to
 - A) manic
 - B) calm
 - C) tasty
 - D) suspicious
- 2. infirm is most similar to
 - A) hospital
 - B) weak
 - C) short
 - D) fortitude
- 3. cautious is most dissimilar to
 - A) reasonable
 - B) careful
 - C) illogical
 - D) reckless
- 4. lure is most similar to
 - A) tickle
 - B) decoy
 - C) resist
 - D) suspect
- 5. perilous is most dissimilar to
 - A) disciplined
 - B) similar
 - C) safe
 - D) honest
- 6. isolation is most similar to
 - A) fear
 - B) plentitude
 - C) solitude
 - D) disease

- 7. lull is most similar to
 - A) pause
 - B) noise
 - C) boring
 - D) mark
- 8. outfit is most similar to
 - A) indoors
 - B) strong
 - C) special
 - D) furnish
- 9. punctual is most dissimilar to
 - A) close
 - B) tardy
 - C) sloppy
 - D) precious
- 10. delude is most dissimilar to
 - A) drought
 - B) clever
 - C) enlighten
 - D) enrage
- 11. omit is most similar to
 - A) recluse
 - B) neglect
 - C) mistake
 - D) destroy
- 12. resilient is most dissimilar to
 - A) stubborn
 - B) careless
 - C) substantial
 - D) flimsy
- 13. mutiny is most similar to
 - A) rebellion
 - B) currency
 - C) sailor
 - D) hassle



- 14. naive is most similar to
 - A) rural
 - B) secular
 - C) unsophisticated
 - D) sultry
- 15. entice is most dissimilar to
 - A) piece
 - B) repulse
 - C) attract
 - D) repeat
- 16. solemnity is most similar to
 - A) lightheartedness
 - B) gravity
 - C) diligence
 - D) sleepiness
- 17. stingy is most dissimilar to
 - A) wasteful
 - B) democratic
 - C) spiteful
 - D) liberal
- 18. malign is most similar to
 - A) evil
 - B) malicious
 - C) slander
 - D) grandiose
- 19. impudent is most similar to
 - A) cautious
 - B) haphazard
 - C) gleeful
 - D) insolent
- 20. vacillate is most dissimilar to
 - A) decide
 - B) teeter
 - C) dilate
 - D) please

- 21. kinetic is most dissimilar to
 - A) cold
 - B) static
 - C) lewd
 - D) foolish
- 22. lambaste is most similar to
 - A) marinade
 - B) commotion
 - C) censure
 - D) tickle
- 23. kowtow is most dissimilar to
 - A) snub
 - B) pull
 - C) fawn
 - D) forage
- 24. rudimentary is most similar to
 - A) crass
 - B) gracious
 - C) deliberate
 - D) primitive
- 25. pitched is most similar to
 - A) undone
 - B) retracted
 - C) heated
 - D) lovely
- 26. tepid is most dissimilar to
 - A) dispassionate
 - B) scalding
 - C) crisp
 - D) clever
- 27. largesse is most similar to
 - A) greatness
 - B) generosity
 - C) miniscule
 - D) clumsiness



- 28. insidious is most dissimilar to
 - A) repellant
 - B) pure
 - C) charming
 - D) delicious
- 29. decorum is most similar to
 - A) etiquette
 - B) merit
 - C) parliament
 - D) slipshod
- 30. succor is most dissimilar to
 - A) genius
 - B) abet
 - C) injure
 - D) deciduous
- 31. enjoin is most dissimilar to
 - A) sever
 - B) dislike
 - C) permit
 - D) divorce
- 32. tumid is most similar to
 - A) swollen
 - B) fetid
 - C) aggressive
 - D) despondent
- 33. jejune is most similar to
 - A) youthful
 - B) insipid
 - C) charming
 - D) quick
- 34. ecumenical is most dissimilar to
 - A) spiritual
 - B) humanistic
 - C) secular
 - D) parochial

- 35. sinecure is most similar to
 - A) cakewalk
 - B) serpentine
 - C) evil
 - D) dishonest
- 36. castigate is most similar to
 - A) neuter
 - B) punish
 - C) banish
 - D) celebrate
- 37. reconnoiter is most dissimilar to
 - A) disarm
 - B) disassemble
 - C) distance
 - D) disregard
- 38. obloquy is most similar to
 - A) tirade
 - B) dependence
 - C) oval
 - D) circumlocution
- 39. recondite is most dissimilar to
 - A) give
 - B) obscure
 - C) patent
 - D) hardy
- 40. querulous is most similar to
 - A) nauseous
 - B) fretful
 - C) curious
 - D) dizzy



Analogias	4/. eat : gobble :: accept : A) deny	
Analogies		
Select the best match for each of the	B) embrace	
following analogies.	C) acquiesce	
ionowing analogies.	D) infer	
41. drudgery : work :: cacophony :		
A) noise	48. Edo : Tokyo :: Ceylon :	
B) orchestra	A) China	
C) telephone	B) Sri Lanka	
D) dissonance	C) Mt. Fuji	
	D) Vietnam	
42. drummer : orchestra :: minister :		
A) voter	49. efficacious : powerless :: asocial :	
B) constituency	A) corrupt	
C) department	B) hidden	
D) cabinet	C) social	
	D) limited	
43. Dryads : tree :: Naiads :		
A) rock	50. egg: omelet:: cocoa:	
B) fire	A) toast	
C) sky	B) coffee	
D) water	C) brownies	
,	D) pizza	
44. dullness: scintillating::calm:		
A) erudite	51. eject : welcome :: persist :	
B) boisterous	A) habituate	
C) cautious	B) quit	
D) exalted	C) torment	
,	D) pest	
45. ear : cochlea : : eye :		
A) sinus	52. El Cid : Spain :: Alexander :	
B) mollusk	A) Alexandria	
C) fovea	B) Britain	
D) fontanel	C) Germany	
,	D) Macedonia	
46. earth: axis:: wheel:		
A) rubber	53. elated : despondent : : enlightened :	
B) car	A) aware	
C) road	B) ignorant	
D) hub	C) miserable	
	D) tolerant	



54.	element : argon : : compound :
	A) copper
	B) water
	C) oxygen D) lead
	D) lead
55	elevator: transport:: rickshaw:
55.	A) train
	B) bicycle
	C) carry
	D) slip-shod
56.	elucidate : clarity : : illuminate :
	A) memory B) problem
	C) oblivion
	D) light
	, 0
57.	endure : continue :: entreat :
	A) plead
	B) segue
	C) purchase
	D) surrender
58	energy: indefatigable:: wisdom:
50.	A) illustrious
	B) sagacious
	C) enervated
	D) experienced
50	
39.	enfeeble : fortify :: concede :A) dispute
	B) close
	C) expect
	D) surrender
	1 1 11
60.	epaulet: shoulder:: cravat:
	A) head B) arm
	C) neck
	D) foot

Sentence Completion

61.	Anna Freud's impact on psychoanalysis was coming not from one brilliant
	discovery but from a lifetime of first-rate work.
	A) indiscernible
	B) cumulative
	C) premature
	D) exorbitant
62.	Critics say that the autobiographical work Brothers and Keepers by John Edgar
	Wideman is surprising in that it celebrates and yet his own role in the life of his
	brother.
	A) exacerbates
	B) duplicates
	C) censures
	D) explores
63.	Unwilling to commit to any field of study or
	type of work, Margie was labeled a
	by her advisors at school.
	A) logician
	B) firebrand C) opportunist
	D) dilettante
<i>(</i> 1	T.1. 1'
64.	Inbreeding can promote the expression of genes, those that make an animal
	subject to disease or impair reproductive
	efficiency.
	A) consummate
	B) presumptive
	C) articulated
	D) deleterious

65.	The emotions of love and hate, though opposites, can be found even in the most and character in
	Shakespeare's plays.
	A) wholesome despicable
	B) contemptible decent
	C) elderly malicious
	D) virtuous steadfast
66.	The longer you without making
	your mind up definitely one way or the other
	the more difficult it will be to reach a(n)
	decision.
	A) concur mature
	B) cajole inconceivable
	C) argue inequitable
	D) vacillate valid
67.	He apart, for he prefers
	to the company of others.
	A) stays throngs
	B) lives books
	C) dwells solitude
	D) remains vivacity
68.	One of the simple guidelines of public speaking is that good presentations require
	preparation.
	A) fretful P) postial
	B) partial
	C) solitary D) the rough
	D) thorough
69.	Concrete is of many materials, a composite of rocks, pebbles, sand, and
	1
	cement.
	A) an amalgamation
	B) a distillation
	C) a concordance
	D) an aberration



the team needs equipment that is both play to appease those critics w	vho
and reliable when setting out for the work for its brevity. A) expanded disparaged D) eliminated and reliable when setting out for the work for its brevity. A) expanded disparaged	
A) consistent B) eliminated extolled C) intensified elegified	
B) sturdy C) intensified glorified D) good against definition	
C) weighty D) condensed censured D) innovative	
76. After the legal, t	the loser of the
71. Because the pandas had already been case was required to pay	·
weakened by disease and drought, a harsh A) affray jurisdiction	
winter would have had B) parable prospectus	
consequences for them. C) confrontation reparation	
A) catastrophic D) precursor gallantry	
B) regressive	
C) preventive D) unforeseen 77. The maid, while	
the hotel, was ratherboss.	with her
72. The Neanderthals of Krapina were A) submissive pleasant	
hunters, possessing great hunters, possessing great B) indifferent rude	
strength and prowess. C) reliable obedient	
A) unsuitable D) obsequious obstinate	
B) timid	
O formidable	
D) unctable 78. The company was accused of	
nad been by the ad	ldition of water.
A) endangered	
73. Due to the author's handwriting, B) adulterated	
the typist had a difficult time the C) improved	
manuscript. D) condensed	
A) illegible deciphering	
B) careful reading 79. They use language not to expl	lain but to
C) perfect transcribing ; each statement ; each statement	is like a
D) readable translating reflection in a warped mirror.	
A) negate	
74. Her dislike of made her regard B) preserve	
people who tried to win her approval through C) distort	
praise as D) enlighten	
A) tyrants connoisseurs	
B) adulation superiors 80. Sally was a lighthearted and ev	ven tempered
C) flattery sycophants woman; she had none of her s	-
D) defiance toadies	515101 5
A) cruelty	
B) resilience	
C) affability	
D) composure	



Synonyms and Antonyms Matching

Find the word matching each synonym group, then find the word matching each antonym group.

- 81. A) compact
 - B) fanatical
 - C) ferocious
 - D) impious
 - E) juvenile

Synonyms:

- 1. young, tender
- 2. bunched, thick
- 3. narrow-minded, biased
- 4. irreligious, unholy
- 5. cruel, fierce

Antonyms:

- 1. loose, diffuse
- 2. pious, devout
- 3. liberal, tolerant
- 4. dotage, antiquated
- 5. gentle, sympathetic
- 82. A) befogged
 - B) blunt
 - C) humble
 - D) jovial
 - E) trivial

Synonyms:

- 1. becloud, dim
- 2. meek, timid
- 3. dull, insensitive
- 4. frolicsome, cheerful
- 5. trifling, insignificant

Antonyms:

- 1. proud, assertive
- 2. significant, veteran
- 3. clear headed, uncloud
- 4. solemn, morose
- 5. keen, sharp

83. A) authentic

- B) clandestine
- C) immense
- D) knave
- E) solicit

Synonyms:

- 1. huge, enormous
- 2. dishonest, scoundrel
- 3. covert, fruitive
- 4. accurate, credible
- 5. entreat, implore

Antonyms:

- 1. protest oppose
- 2. paragon, innocent
- 3. open, legal
- 4. fictitious, unreal
- 5. puny, insignificant

84. A) awkward

- B) comic
- C) monotonous
- D) nonchalant
- E) scanty

Synonyms:

- 1. indifferent, negligent
- 2. rude, blundering
- 3. clown, jester
- 4. scarce, insufficient
- 5. irksome, tedious

Antonyms:

- 1. attentive, considerate
- 2. varied, pleasant
- 3. lavish, multitude
- 4. adroit, clever
- 5. tragic, tragedian



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Sentence Completion

Select the best match to complete each of the following sentences.

85. Irony can, after a fashion, become a mode of escape: to laugh at the terrors of life is in some sense to them. A) evade B) overstate C) license D) revitalize 86. Residents of the secluded island fear that _____ commercial development will _____ their quiet way of life. A) waning .. harm B) further .. aid C) diminishing .. reform D) encroaching .. disturb 87. The magician's ______ astonished us; her deft performance proved the old saying that the hand is quicker than the eye. A) tenacity B) discernment C) insecurity D) adroitness 88. The author's use of copious detail, though intended to ______ the reader's appreciation of a tumultuous era, was instead regarded by many as a barrage of _____ information. A) reverse .. accurate B) excite .. illuminating C) deepen .. trivial

D) curtail .. boring

- 89. Cathedrals usually take decades, even centuries, to complete; thus, no one expected the National Cathedral to be built with
 - A) presumption
 - B) durability
 - C) reverence
 - D) dispatch
- 90. Few composers for the musical stage were as _____ as Frank Loesser, whose "Guys and Dolls" includes burlesque numbers, a Latin dance sequence, revival tunes, and a tender Irish ballad.
 - A) disciplined
 - B) versatile
 - C) prolific
 - D) gifted
- 91. The hypocrite _____ feelings that he does not possess but that he feels he should display.
 - A) condones
 - B) simulates
 - C) decries
 - D) betrays
- 92. The professor argued that every grassroots movement needs _______: without this public declaration of motives, there can be no cohesive organization.
 - A) a prospectus
 - B) an invocation
 - C) a manifesto
 - D) an arbitration
- 93. The reviewer characterized Madonna Swan-Abdalla's autobiography as a portrait of an _____ person, one who prevailed against great odds.
 - A) astute
 - B) expeditious
 - C) idiosyncratic
 - D) indomitable



to a pack of nearly extinct buffalo wolves, working seven days a week to help save the endangered species. A) gruff kindness B) rude exasperation C) agreeable gentleness D) gracious disdain
99. The developing brain can be likened to a highway system that use: less traveled roads may be abandoned, popular roads broadened, and new ones added where they are needed. A) evolves with B) buckles C) suffers from
D) detours around 100. Although the late Supreme Court Justice Thurgood Marshall had that his papers be available only to scholars, the Library of Congress his wishes and exhibited them to the general public. A) implied publicized
B) stipulated disregarded C) denied repealed D) revealed executed 101. On the verge of financial collapse, the museum was granted a, receiving a much-needed of cash in the form of a government loan. A) rebate advance B) procurement account C) hearing security

102	Although it stayed in business for
	several months, the company was actually
	and met its financial obligations
	only by engaging in activities.
	A) autonomous subordinate
	B) bankrupt charitable
	C) prudent speculative
	D) insolvent fraudulent
103	Once the principal that
	the fire alarm had been set off by accident,
	she apologized to the suspected students and
	announced that they had been
	A) confirmed obligated
	B) understood apprehended
	C) denied reprimanded
	D) realized exonerated
104	The residents of the town lived
	lives; no one indulged in wild or
	behavior.
	A) irreverent animated
	B) secluded scrupulous
	C) circumscribed impulsive
	D) rambunctious indecent



Answer Ley

- A
 delirious means marked
 by frenzied excitement,
 or manic
- 2. B infirm means feeble from age, or weak
- 3. D cautious means careful; reckless means lacking caution
- 4. B
 a lure is used to attract
 animals into a trap, like
 a decoy
- 5. C perilous means dangerous, therefore safe is the opposite
- 6. C isolation means the state of being alone or withdrawn, or solitude
- 7. A a lull is a temporary pause
- 8. D to outfit means to supply or to furnish
- 9. B punctual means on time; tardy means late
- 10. C
 to delude means to
 mislead the judgment of
 someone, or to trick; to
 enlighten means to give
 knowledge to someone
- 11. B
 to omit means to leave
 out, to fail to perform,
 or to neglect

- 12. D
 resilient means capable
 of withstanding shock;
 flimsy means lacking in
 physical strength or
 substance
- 13. A mutiny means resistance to lawful authority, or rebellion
- 14. C naive means unaffectedly simple, or unsophisticated
- 15. B
 to entice means attract
 seductively, or to lure;
 to repulse means to
 cause aversion to, or to
 disgust
- 16. B
 solemnity means formal
 or ceremonious
 observance, or
 seriousness; gravity
 means dignity of
 bearing, or seriousness
- 17. D
 one meaning of liberal
 is giving freely, or
 generous; stingy means
 lacking generosity
- 18. C to malign means to speak false or harmful things of, or to slander
- 19. D impudent means contemptuously bold or cocky, or insolent
- 20. A vacillate means to

- hesitate among choices, or to waver; decide means to choose
- 21. B
 kinetic means relating to motion, or dynamic; static means at rest, or stationary
- 22. C to lambaste means to attack verbally, or to censure
- 23. A
 to kowtow means to
 show fawning
 deference; to snub
 means to treat with
 contempt
- 24. D rudimentary means crude or primitive
- 25. C pitched means intensely fought; one meaning of heated is marked by anger
- 26. B tepid means lukewarm; scalding means boiling hot
- 27. B largesse means liberal giving or generosity
- 28. A
 insidious means harmful
 but enticing or
 seductive; repellant
 means arousing aversion
 or disgust
- 29. A decorum means



conduct required in	harchly cancarious	70. B
social life, or etiquette	harshly censorious language	70. B 71. A
30. C	39. C	71. <i>I</i> 1. 72. C
to succor means go to	recondite means hidden	prowess: exceptional
the aid of, or relieve; to	from sight or obscure;	power, valor, and
injure means to harm	patent means readily	bravery.
31. C	visible or intelligible	73. A
enjoin means to forbid	40. B	74. C
or prohibit, therefore	querulous means	75. A
permit is the opposite	habitually complaining,	76. C
32. A	or fretful	reparation: fee for
tumid means puffy or	41. A	repairing some
swollen	42. D	damages.
33. B	43. D	77. D
jejune means lacking in	44. B	"rather" necessitates
substance or interest;	45. C	two words in opposite
insipid means lacking in	46. D	meaning.
qualities to excite or	47. B	obsequious: showing
interest	48. B	servile complaisance or
34. D	49. C	deference.
ecumenical means of or	50. C	78. B
relating to the whole	51. B	79. C
body of churches, or	52. D	80. A
universal; parochial	53. B	81. syn key: E A B D C
means of or relating to a	54. B	ant key: A D B E C
parish, or limited in	55. C	82. syn key: A C B D E
scope or range	56. D	ant key: C E A D B
35. A	57. A	83. syn key: C D B A E
a sinecure is a job for	58. B	ant key: E D B A C
which little or no work	59. A	84. syn key: D A B E C
is expected; a cakewalk	60. C	ant key: D C E A B
is a one-sided	61. B	85. A
competition	62. C	86. D
36. B	63. D	87. D
to castigate means to	64. D	88. C
subject to severe	65. D	89. D
punishment	66. D	90. B
37. D	67. C	91. B
reconnoiter means to	68. D	92. C
gain information or to	69. A	93. D
explore; disregard	Some related words	94. A
means to pay no	with mnemonic joy.	95. D
attention to	amalgam: an alloy of	96. D
38. A	mercury with another	97. A
obloquy means abusive	metal or metals.	98. A
language; tirade means	magma: molten mixture	99. A
	from vocanic eruption	100. B

101. D102. D103. D104. C