

Answer Key

Modifying Phrases

1. B
2. D
3. C
4. E
5. A
6. A

Simple Sentences

7. Movie-goers in the 1920's / admired such greats as Greta Garbo, Rudolph Valentino, and Douglas Fairbanks.
8. Slapstick comedy / was performed by Charlie Chaplin, Harold Lloyd, and Buster Keaton.
9. "Talkies," or movies with sound, / became popular in the late 1920's.
10. The movies in the 1930's / starred such people as Shirley Temple, Mae West, and Clark Gable.
11. The city of Hollywood / was known as "the celluloid paradise."
12. One of the greatest movies / was released in 1939.
13. This particular movie / was discussed by hundreds of magazines and newspapers.
14. Gone with the Wind / swept movie-goers off their feet.
15. The stars, Vivien Leigh and Clark Gable, / were recognized by everyone.
16. Their movie / became a film classic.
17. S = Yesterday's teens and today's youth
V = have had
O = a variety of interests.

18. S = Mini-skirts, long hair, Afros, and Beatlenania
V = were accepted by
O = most young people in the '60's
19. S = Young people
V = have danced and have listened to
O = all different kinds of music
20. S = Big bands and rock-and-roll music
V = characterized
O = the 1940's and 1950's
21. S = Some fads of the '70's
V = included
O = skateboards, platform shoes, Levis, Adidas, and T-shirts
22. S = Today's youth
V = buys
O = albums and tapes of many different musicians
23. S = Popular music and fashion
V = dictate
O = fads
24. S = The Beatles and the Rolling Stones
V = introduced
O = a new kind of music
25. S = radios and stereos
V = have played
O = the music of Jimi Hendrix, Linda Ronstadt, Diana Ross, Amazing Grace, and many others
26. S = you and your friends
V = will be interested in
O = what

Review: Subordinate Clauses

27. *We arrived* when Dr. Jordan was speaking. It is an adverb clause, indicating time. It modifies *arrived*.

28. What is the time that we agreed on?
It is an adjective clause. It modifies *time*.
29. Can you study while the TV is on?
It is an adverb clause, indicating time. It modifies *study*.
30. We did not know who the man was.
It is a noun clause. It is the direct object of *know*.
31. Jeff ducked before the snowball hit him.
It is an adverb clause, indicating time. It modifies *ducked*.
32. The plane that leaves at 7:00 P.M. has a feature movie.
It is an adjective clause. It modifies *plane*.
33. I don't believe that the experiment is possible.
It is a noun clause. It is the direct object of *believe*.
34. Someone said that we would have a holiday tomorrow.
It is a noun clause. It is the direct object of *said*.
35. Dad lived in Colorado when he was growing up.
It is an adverb clause, indicating time. It modifies *lived*.
36. How the engine works is a mystery to me.
It is a noun clause. It is the subject.
37. Superstitions are beliefs that are not rational.
It is an adjective clause. It modifies *beliefs*.
38. Superstitions often begin when people fear the unknown.
It is an adverb clause, indicating time. It modifies *begin*.
39. Many superstitions still exist even though they started long ago.
It is an adverb clause, indicating concession. It modifies *exist*.
40. People sometimes wonder how various superstitions began.
It is a noun clause. It is the direct object of *wonder*.
41. The superstition that black cats bring bad luck began with the Egyptians.
It is an adjective clause. It modifies *superstition*.
42. They thought that a cat was a witch in disguise.
It is a noun clause. It is the direct object of *thought*.
43. Another practice that is based on superstition involves sneezing.
It is an adjective clause. It modifies *practice*.
44. When people sneeze, we often say "bless you."
It is an adverb clause, indicating time. It modifies *sneeze*.
45. Ancient people believed that breath was life.
It is a noun clause. It is the direct object of *believed*.
46. Sneezing was feared because breath was lost.
It is an adverb clause, indicating reason. It modifies *was feared*.

Word Choice

47. E
48. E
49. B
50. A

Answer Key

Removing Inconsistent Tense and Awkward Voice

1. have
2. is
3. believe
4. ache
5. want
6. come
7. includes
8. is
9. pull
10. seems
11. Mary Walker, one of the first women doctors, who served as a surgeon during the Civil War, received the Congressional Medal of Honor. (“Receive” should be active.)
12. The mason poured the cement between the bricks and then smoothed it.
13. Captain Cook, one of the greatest explorers of all time, sailed large areas of the Pacific Ocean and made accurate maps of the region.
14. Cook joined the navy as a seaman in 1755 and received many promotions before becoming a master of his own ship in 1759. (“Receive” should be active.)
15. OK
16. OK
17. On the voyage, Cook won a battle against scurvy, a serious disease caused by lack of vitamin C.
18. To prevent scurvy, the sailors to prevent scurvy ate raw cabbage, which was rich in vitamin C.
19. By the time the voyage was over, the ship traveled around Cape Horn to Tahiti in the Pacific Ocean.
20. After he observed the passage of Venus, Cook sailed off to explore the east coast of New Zealand, which he claimed for England. (“Claim” is better in active voice.)
21. On a second voyage, Cook discovered the Hawaiian Islands, which were named the Sandwich Islands by him. (“Discover” should be active.)
22. In a dispute over a canoe, Cook was killed by island inhabitants and buried at sea in naval tradition in 1779.
23. Yesterday Marcia gave a report about Sacajawea, the Shoshone Indian woman who guided Lewis and Clark on their expedition in 1805.
24. take ⇒ took
25. is named ⇒ was named
is given ⇒ was given
26. refuses ⇒ refused
flees ⇒ fled
27. OK
28. makes ⇒ made
29. travels ⇒ traveled
30. works ⇒ worked
31. Using the North Star as her guide, she led many slaves to safe houses of white abolitionists. (“Lead” should in active voice.)
32. OK

MS (T3) Grammar & Writing Issue 9

The Simple Past And The Past Progressive

33. outwitted [= outsmarted, were more clever]
surrounded
was still inside stuffing
34. is always interrupting
is always asking
35. was looking
Did you find
took
36. was
was humming
37. was crossing
turned
hit
38. were in our living room watching
went
went
got
turned
listened
was
39. rang
came
were still playing
was pulling
ran
told
40. was trying
interrupted
asked
refused
48. (no change)
49. ideas
50. (no change)
51. (no change)
52. (no change)
53. words
54. (no change)
55. (no change)
56. gloves
57. cars
minutes
(no change)
58. (no change)
rings
bracelets
(no change)
59. (no change)
(no change)
vegetables
(no change)
60. Butterflies
caterpillars
insects
wings
61. (no change)
(no change)
(no change)
(no change)
(no ^{dune} change)
(no change)
(no change)
customs

Count And Non-count Nouns

41. (no change)
eyes
42. (no change)
43. (no change)
44. sandwiches
45. (no change)
46. (no change)
47. photographs
62. (no change)
(no change)
63. (no char)
products
vegetables
(no chase)
sardines
vitamins

(no change)

plus

64. (no change)

(no change)

(no change)

facts

(no change)

65. (no change)

(no change)

(no change)

Forming The Passive

66. (no change)

67. The food will be prepared by the chef.

68. (no change)

69. (no change)

70. You will be met at the airport by my uncle.

71. (no change)

72. (no change)

73. (no change)

74. (no change)

75. The phone was answered by the office manager.

76. The subway is ridden by thousands of people every day.

77. (no change)