

Answer Key

Geographical Names

1. Many wagon trains left from **Independence, Missouri**.
2. The trail took them first to **Fort Kearny, Nebraska**.
3. Then they followed the **North Platte River** to **Fort Laramie**.
4. The pioneers crossed the **Rocky Mountains** at **South Pass, Wyoming**.
5. After the trail crossed the **Rockies**, it split into three parts.
6. The **Oregon Trail** went to the **Pacific Northwest**.
7. The **Mormon Trail** went to **Salt Lake City, Utah**.
8. A third trail crossed the **Great Basin** of **Nevada and Utah**.
9. It crossed the **Sierra Nevada Mountains** at **Dormer Pass**.
10. Many **American** frontiersmen followed these trails westward.
11. The **Trans-Canada Highway** crosses the entire width of **Canada**.
12. Of the seven continents, **Asia** and **Africa** are the two largest.
13. Next week we elect the representative from the **Eighth Congressional District**.
14. The track championships will be held in **Morton Township**.
15. The island of **Capri** is in the **Bay of Naples**.
16. The **Blue Grotto** is a famous tourist attraction on **Capri**.
17. Lake **Baikal** is the world's deepest freshwater lake.

18. The lake is in **Siberia**, in the **Soviet Union**.
19. We had our family picnic at the **Lincoln Park Zoo**.
20. Last summer, we drove along the **Gulf of Mexico** to **New Orleans** and then north to **Memphis**.

Compound Subjects

21. were
22. appears
23. is
24. plans
25. have
26. give
27. are
28. complain

Compound Subjects

29. Al and Ken, haven't
30. the co-captains, call
31. winter and, summer, are
32. some dogs, have
33. The evening news and the late newspaper, report
34. the sleeping bags, arrive
35. the tugs and the Loganville ferry, dock
36. Corrine and her family, are
37. my uniform, needs
38. The players and the referee, are
39. his sister, is
40. the cake, tastes
41. The water and the beach, look

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- 42. threats, have
- 43. billboards, obscure
- 44. hunting, is
- 45. the Business Club and the Spanish Club, help
- 46. the ordinary frogs and the bullfrog, tune
- 47. music, wakens
- 48. our local radio stations, publicize

Word Choice

- 49. B
- 50. C
- 51. D
- 52. C
- 53. A
- 54. C
- 55. E

Answer Key

Agreement of Pronoun and Antecedent

1. Correct
2. were ⇒ was
3. were ⇒ was
4. Correct
5. Correct
6. are ⇒ is
7. Correct
8. Correct
9. were ⇒ was
10. was ⇒ were
11. Is ⇒ Are
12. Correct
13. are ⇒ is
14. Correct
15. their ⇒ his
16. them ⇒ him
17. Correct
18. were ⇒ was
19. Here're ⇒ Here's
20. Simple sentence
21. Compound sentence with two independent clauses joined by *but*.
22. Simple sentence.
[a volcanic mountain in the Cascade Range] is an appositive phrase for Mount St. Helens.
[On May 18, 1980] is a prepositional phrase telling the time.
23. Compound sentence
The two independent clauses are joined by *but*.
24. Complex sentence
The adj. clause *as the youngest* describes the subject Tracy Austin.
25. Compound-complex sentence
There two independent clauses joined in a pattern as "... and, ...".
The second independent clause is a complex sentence with adj. clause [that roared ...an hour] modifying the antecedent *debris*.
26. Complex sentence.
* The adj. clause [who are ... tornadoes, and floods] describes the antecedent *Americans*.
* The adv. clause [when a ...erupted] described the time of the event.
27. Simple sentence
The sole subject is *she*.
The compound predicate is joined by *and*.
28. Compound-complex sentence
The coordinating conjunction *but* connects the two clauses.
In the second clause, the adv. clause [where she ...good grades] describes the place.
29. Complex sentence
The outflow ... = S
[melted ... and produced ...] is the compound predicate.
30. Complex sentence
[that was dropped on Hiroshima] is an adj. clause describing type.
31. Complex sentence
The adv. clause [when she ... experienced players] describes the time of the event.
32. Complex sentence
The adj. clause [that enabled ...at tennis] describes the antecedent *determination*.

Simple, Compound, and Complex Sentences

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| <p>33. Complex sentence
The adv clause [When she ... Evert Lloyd] describes the time of the event.</p> <p>34. Compound sentence
the two independent clauses are joined by the conjunction <i>and</i>.</p> <p>35. Simple sentence
The sole subject is <i>she</i>.</p> <p>36. Complex sentence
The adv. clause [therefore, she ... competitors] describes the result.</p> <p>37. Simple sentence
The temperature = subject
[from fifty to nearly ninety degrees Fahrenheit] is the prepositional phrase as the predicate.</p> <p>38. Compound sentence
The two independent clauses are joined by <i>but</i>.</p> <p>39. Compound-complex sentence
The two independent clauses are joined by <i>and</i>.
The subject of the first clause is modified by [which had been ... and creation].</p> <p>40. Compound-complex sentence
There two independent clauses joined by <i>and</i>.
* The second independent clause has a adj. clause [who had placed ...activity inside] modifying the precedent <i>scientists</i>.</p> <p>41. Complex sentence
* [When the volcano ... inside it] is an adv. clause describing the time.
* [that had been building inside it] is an adj. clause describes the antecedent <i>pressure</i>.</p> | <p>50. customs</p> <p>51. videos</p> <p>52. potatoes</p> <p>53. deer</p> <p>54. oxen</p> <p>55. donkeys</p> <p>56. mysteries</p> <p>57. chiefs</p> <p>58. thieves</p> <p>59. flashes</p> <p>60. memos</p> <p>61. memoranda</p> <p>62. crises</p> <p>63. mouths</p> |
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Test on Modals And Phrasal Modals

64. A
65. A
66. D
67. D
68. C
69. C
70. C
71. A
72. B
73. A
74. D
75. C
76. D
77. C
78. D

Plural Nouns

42. feet
43. heroes
44. knives
45. qualities
46. doorways
47. gentlemen
48. wolves
49. quizzes