

# Answer Key

## Adjectives and Adverbs

- |                  |           |
|------------------|-----------|
| 1. adv, arrived  | 26. those |
| 2. adj, dinner   | 27. us    |
| 3. adj, children | 28. us    |
| 4. adv, moved    | 29. those |
| 5. adv, amazing  | 30. We    |
| 6. adj, chair    | 31. We    |
| 7. adv, played   | 32. those |
| 8. adv, lives    | 33. those |
| 9. adj, noise    | 34. us    |
| 10. adj, car     | 35. Those |

## Subject-Verb Agreement

- |              |           |
|--------------|-----------|
| 11. have     | 38. those |
| 12. is       | 39. We    |
| 13. believe  | 40. us    |
| 14. ache     | 41. They  |
| 15. want     | 42. she   |
| 16. come     | 43. us    |
| 17. includes | 44. him   |
| 18. is       | 45. me    |
| 19. pull     | 46. yours |
| 20. seems    | 47. I     |
|              | 48. them  |
|              | 49. her   |

## We Boys-Us Boys; We Girls-us Girls

- |           |              |
|-----------|--------------|
| 21. those | 50. myself   |
| 22. us    | 51. yourself |
| 23. Those | 52. These    |
| 24. We    | 53. Which    |
| 25. us    | 54. his      |
|           | 55. their    |

- 56. your
- 57. Whom
- 58. Who
- 59. We
- 60. Those

Word Choice

- 61. D
- 62. B
- 63. A
- 64. A
- 65. E
- 66. C
- 67. B

# Answer Key

## Agreement of Pronoun and Antecedent

1. their
2. his
3. her
4. it
5. its
6. Someone in the class left his notes behind.  
Or  
Someone in the class left his or her notes behind.
7. his
8. are, their
9. his
10. her
11. their
12. her
13. his
14. their
15. *Who* is singular because *anyone* is singular.  
Therefore, the singular forms *wants* and *his* are used to agree with *who*.
16. his
17. his
18. their
19. their
20. that lost time is never found again = DO
21. Where to build the municipal garage = S
22. how she was elected to the Senate = DO of about
23. whoever wins the contest = IO of give
24. when we went to Columbia for the summer = adv
25. what the problem is = DO, what = predicate nominative in the clause
26. that she is worried = DO
27. what we would play at half time = DO
28. what he will choose = DO
29. whether he will choose a march by Sousa or a show tune = DO
30. (that) Mr. Perkins she did not like Sousa = DO
31. How she could say that = S
32. we would play a medley of marches = DO
33. Whoever did not like this choice = S
34. that the band director must have the final say = PN
35. Whoever shows the most talent = S
36. whoever plays a solo = OP
37. When the circus is in town = adv. clause
38. What she said = noun clause
39. that you won the prize = noun clause
40. who were in town last week = adj. clause

## Stative Vs. Progressive Verbs

41. are seeing
42. is costing/costs
43. is currently appearing
44. am doing  
consists
45. doesn't see
46. appears

## MS (T3) Grammar & Writing Issue 1

- |                           |   |
|---------------------------|---|
| 47. weighs                | 77. Aren't  |
| 48. costs                 | 78. Is  |
| 49. am being<br>am not    | 79. begin [Answer: 4 (Alabama, Alaska, Arizona,<br>Arkansas)] |
| 50. Aren't you forgetting | 80. consists  |
| 51. has                   | 81. have  |
| 52. forget                | 82. is  |
| 53. am thinking .. think  | 83. Was   |
| 54. is having             |   |
| 55. imagine               |   |
| 56. am smelling<br>smells |   |
| 57. Are you being         |   |
| 58. is looking<br>look    |   |
| 59. is weighing<br>needs  |   |
| 60. is                    |   |
| 61. am imagining          |   |

### Subject-Verb Agreement

62. vote
63. have
64. was
65. knows
66. Isn't
67. speak and understand
68. are
69. do
70. are
71. have
72. has ... have
73. confirms
74. is, is
75. are
76. is